Recommendations

Country	Recommendation
Venezuela	Strengthen measures and public policies aimed at preventing and eradicating discrimination against minority groups, in particular the Roma community and the Travellers.
Albania	Further promote Traveller and Roma inclusion.
Angola	Strengthen legal protection against discrimination affecting Traveller and Roma communities, particularly in education, housing, and employment.
Bulgaria	Take further measures to improve access to education for Travellers and Roma, including by ensuring full implementation of the National Traveller and Roma Education Strategy (2024-2030).
Chile	Train (Ireland's) public officials to guarantee the effective implementation of the National Racism Plan, in particular when it comes to the Traveller and Roma communities.
China	Intensify efforts to combat discrimination and hate speech and acts against ethnic minorities, including Roma and Travellers, by strengthening law enforcement training and raising public awareness.
Cuba	Strengthen measures to ensure equality, inclusion, and participation of the Traveller and Roma community and reduce their socioeconomic disadvantages.
Djibouti	Continue measures to combat discrimination in the area of housing, education, health, and employment against Traveller and Roma communities in accordance with the second National Strategy for the Inclusion of Travellers and Roma (2024-2028).
Ecuador	Include Travellers as an ethnic minority in legislation against discrimination and guarantee the protection of their economic, social, and cultural rights, including the preservation, promotion, expression, and dissemination of their cultural identity, languages, and historical heritage.

Finland	Continue efforts to address anti-Traveller and anti-Roma racism and discrimination through effective implementation of the National Action Plan Against Racism (2023-2027).
India	Strengthen measures to combat racism and discrimination against Travellers, Roma, and other minority groups, including through effective implementation of existing anti-discrimination strategies.
Iran	Strengthen measures to eliminate racial discrimination and racism, including racial profiling, and ensure equal treatment and effective protection of ethnic minorities, particularly Roma and Traveller communities.
Mexico	Expedite measures to include social housing for persons within the asylum system, persons from the Roma community, and for women victims of domestic violence.
North Macedonia	Ensure equal access to quality education for Roma children, migrant and refugee children, and children with disabilities.
Norway	Ensure effective implementation of the National Traveller and Roma Inclusion Strategy, including measures to combat discrimination and promote equal access to public services, especially for women and girls.
Republic of Korea	Ensure adequate access to culturally appropriate accommodation for Traveller and Roma communities.
Russia	We recommend full implementation of the National Plan of Action to Combat Racism and prohibit, at the legislative level, racial profiling.
Slovakia	Strengthen the implementation of national inclusion strategies and improve the disaggregated data collection to promote equality in policies and budgetary allocations. Ensure that the habitual residence condition is applied in a non-discriminatory manner and strengthen efforts to improve access to housing and healthcare for Roma communities.

South Africa	Establish a monitoring mechanism to prevent, detect, and punish forced sterilization, coercive abortion, and non-consensual infertility treatment, with particular attention to Roma women and those with disabilities.
Spain	Move towards the second implementation of the inclusion of Travellers and Roma people, the National Action Plan Against Racism, and other related plans, ensuring that this is applied standardized across the country.
Sweden	Ensure the effective implementation of the second National Traveller and Roma Inclusion Strategy 2024 to 2028 through adequate resourcing, measurable targets, and transparent monitoring, with particular attention to improving outcomes for Traveller and Roma women and girls.

Acknowledgements and Observations

Australia	Australia welcomes Ireland's adoption of the Criminal Justice Hate Offences Act 2024, the National Traveller and Roma Inclusion Strategy 2, and the review of the Disability Act 2005. Australia remains concerned by barriers to equal participation affecting persons with disabilities, and gaps on implementation and legal frameworks to support Traveller and Roma communities and protect against hate speech.
Montenegro	We also recognise Ireland's initiatives in advancing children's rights and gender equality, combating racism and discrimination, promoting LGBTIQ+ inclusion, and protecting the rights of persons with disabilities and Traveller and Roma communities.
Moldova	Taking measures to promote and improve equality, inclusion, and participation for Travellers and Roma.
Timor-Leste	The formal recognition of Travellers as a distinct ethnic group in Irish society.